

Package ‘Glimma’

November 26, 2024

Type Package

Title Interactive visualizations for gene expression analysis

Version 2.16.0

Description This package produces interactive visualizations for RNA-seq data analysis, utilizing output from limma, edgeR, or DESeq2. It produces interactive htmlwidgets versions of popular RNA-seq analysis plots to enhance the exploration of analysis results by overlaying interactive features. The plots can be viewed in a web browser or embedded in notebook documents.

Encoding UTF-8

RoxygenNote 7.3.2

biocViews DifferentialExpression, GeneExpression, Microarray,
ReportWriting, RNASeq, Sequencing, Visualization

Depends R (>= 4.0.0)

Imports htmlwidgets, edgeR, DESeq2, limma, SummarizedExperiment,
stats, jsonlite, methods, S4Vectors

Suggests testthat, knitr, rmarkdown, BiocStyle, IRanges,
GenomicRanges, pryr, AnnotationHub, scRNAseq, scater, scan

License GPL-3

URL <https://github.com/hasaru-k/GlimmaV2>

BugReports <https://github.com/hasaru-k/GlimmaV2/issues>

VignetteBuilder knitr

git_url <https://git.bioconductor.org/packages/Glimma>

git_branch RELEASE_3_20

git_last_commit 3bb4025

git_last_commit_date 2024-10-29

Repository Bioconductor 3.20

Date/Publication 2024-11-25

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Contents

| | |
|--------------------------------------|----|
| as.hexcol | 3 |
| buildXYData | 3 |
| extractGroups | 4 |
| glBar | 5 |
| glBar.default | 5 |
| glimma | 7 |
| glimmaMA | 7 |
| glimmaMA.DESeqDataSet | 8 |
| glimmaMA.DGEEexact | 11 |
| glimmaMA.DGELRT | 13 |
| glimmaMA.MArrayLM | 15 |
| glimmaMDS | 17 |
| glimmaMDS.default | 19 |
| glimmaMDS.DESeqDataSet | 20 |
| glimmaMDS.DGEList | 22 |
| glimmaVolcano | 24 |
| glimmaVolcano.DESeqDataSet | 25 |
| glimmaVolcano.DGEEexact | 27 |
| glimmaVolcano.DGELRT | 29 |
| glimmaVolcano.MArrayLM | 31 |
| glimmaXY | 33 |
| glimmaXYWidget | 35 |
| glimma_plot | 36 |
| glink | 36 |
| glMDPlot | 37 |
| glMDPlot.default | 38 |
| glMDPlot.DESeqDataSet | 40 |
| glMDPlot.DESeqResults | 41 |
| glMDPlot.DGEEexact | 43 |
| glMDPlot.DGELRT | 45 |
| glMDPlot.MArrayLM | 47 |
| glMDRmd | 49 |
| glMDSPlot | 49 |
| glMDSPlot.default | 50 |
| glMDSPlot.DESeqDataSet | 51 |
| glMDSPlot.DGEList | 52 |
| glScatter | 53 |
| glScatter.default | 54 |
| glTable | 55 |
| gltablink | 56 |
| glXYPlot | 56 |
| is.hex | 58 |
| makeJson | 58 |
| makeJson.data.frame | 59 |
| makeJson.jschart | 59 |

`as.hexcol`*Numeric to hex colour converter*

Description

Convert numbers and R colour strings into corresponding hex codes for colours

Usage

```
as.hexcol(x)
```

Arguments

`x` the colour value(s) to be converted to hex values.

Value

hex codes for colours

`buildXYData`*XY Data Object Builder*

Description

Common processing steps for both MA, XY and volcano plots. Expects a dataframe, table, which contains two columns labelled `xlab` and `ylab` as well as a unique identifier column labelled `gene`.

Usage

```
buildXYData(  
  table,  
  status,  
  main,  
  display.columns,  
  anno,  
  counts,  
  xlab,  
  ylab,  
  status.cols,  
  sample.cols,  
  groups,  
  transform.counts  
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| <code>table</code> | dataframe containing <code>xlab</code> and <code>ylab</code> columns for plotting. |
| <code>status</code> | vector of length <code>nrow(x)</code> indicating the status of each gene. By default genes in the summary plot are coloured based on its differential expression status using an adjusted p-value cutoff of 5% by calling the <code>limma::decideTests</code> function, where the value of -1 marks down-regulated genes, 0 marks genes with no expression difference, and 1 marks up-regulated genes. |
| <code>main</code> | character string for the main title of summary plot. |
| <code>display.columns</code> | character vector containing names of columns from <code>anno</code> from which to display in mouseover tooltips and table. |
| <code>anno</code> | dataframe with <code>nrow(x)</code> rows containing gene annotations. |
| <code>counts</code> | numeric matrix with <code>nrow(x)</code> rows containing gene expression values. This can be used to replace the gene counts from <code>dge\$counts</code> , i.e. you may have <code>log-rpkm</code> values stored in a different object that you wish to use. |
| <code>xlab</code> | character string for the x-axis label of summary plot. |
| <code>ylab</code> | character string for the y-axis label of summary plot. |
| <code>status.cols</code> | vector of length 3 containing valid CSS strings for colours associated with <code>status</code> in the order of -1, 0 and 1. |
| <code>sample.cols</code> | character vector of length <code>ncol(counts)</code> containing valid CSS strings for colours associated with each sample to be displayed on the expression plot. If left unspecified, samples will be coloured according to <code>groups</code> . |
| <code>groups</code> | vector of length <code>ncol(dge)</code> representing categorisation of samples in expression plot. |
| <code>transform.counts</code> | the type of transformation used on the counts - "logcpm" for using <code>edgeR::cpm(counts, log=TRUE)</code> ; "cpm" for <code>edgeR::cpm(counts)</code> ; "rpkm" for <code>edgeR::rpkm(counts)</code> ; "logrpkm" for <code>edgeR::rpkm(counts, log=TRUE)</code> ; and "none" for no transformation). Defaults to "logcpm". |

Value

object for XY plot internal use

`extractGroups`

extractGroups

Description

Extracts the column named `group` from column data matrix of a `SummarizedExperiment` object if it is present. Otherwise return a vector of 1s.

Usage

```
extractGroups(cdata)
```

Arguments

cdata SummarizedExperiment column data matrix

Value

groups column of data if present, otherwise 1

glBar *Glimma MD Plot*

Description

Create an interactive bar plot object.

Usage

```
glBar(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x the data.frame containing data to plot.
... additional arguments depending on input object type.

Value

A chart object containing the information to create an interactive bar plot.

Author(s)

Shian Su

See Also

[glBar.default](#)

glBar.default *Glimma Bar Plot*

Description

Default method for interactive bar plot.

Usage

```
## Default S3 method:
glBar(
  x,
  yval,
  names.arg = rownames(x),
  ndigits = NULL,
  signif = 6,
  xlab = NULL,
  ylab = yval,
  main = NULL,
  height = 400,
  width = 500,
  colval = NULL,
  annot = yval,
  flag = NULL,
  info = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| <code>x</code> | the data.frame containing data to plot. |
| <code>yval</code> | the column name for the x-axis values. |
| <code>names.arg</code> | the column name for the label on each bar. |
| <code>ndigits</code> | the number of digits after the decimal to round to in the tooltip (overrides <code>signif</code>). |
| <code>signif</code> | the number of significant figures to display in the tooltip. |
| <code>xlab</code> | the label on the x-axis. |
| <code>ylab</code> | the label on the y-axis. |
| <code>main</code> | the title for the plot. |
| <code>height</code> | the height of the plot (in pixels). |
| <code>width</code> | the width of the plot (in pixels). |
| <code>colval</code> | the colours for each data point. |
| <code>annot</code> | the columns to display in the tooltip. |
| <code>flag</code> | the special flag to indicate special plot. |
| <code>info</code> | additional information for plotting. |
| <code>...</code> | additional arguments. |

Value

A chart object containing the information to create an interactive bar plot.

Author(s)

Shian Su

`glimma`*Glimma: interactive graphics from limma*

Description

The Glimma package provides interactive versions of plots frequently used in the limma package. Currently the MDS and MD plots have been implemented. The functions can be used with both limma, edgeR and DESeq objects.

Main functions

`glMDSPlot`, `glMDPlot`, `glXYPlot`

Author(s)

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- Stuart Lee [contributor]
- Isaac Virshup [contributor]

See Also

Useful links:

- <https://github.com/hasaru-k/GlimmaV2>
- Report bugs at <https://github.com/hasaru-k/GlimmaV2/issues>

`glimmaMA`*Glimma MA Plot*

Description

Generic function for drawing a two-panel interactive MA plot, a special case of the `glimmaXY` plot. The function invokes the following methods which depend on the class of the first argument:

- `glimmaMA.MArrayLM` for limma analysis
- `glimmaMA.DGEEexact` for edgeR analysis, produced from `exactTest`
- `glimmaMA.DGELRT` for edgeR analysis, produced from `glmLRT`
- `glimmaMA.DESeqDataSet` for DESeq2 analysis

`glimmaMD` is an alias for `glimmaMA`.

Usage

```
glimmaMA(x, ...)
```

```
glimmaMD(x, ...)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----|---|
| x | the DE object to plot. |
| ... | additional arguments affecting the plots produced. See specific methods for detailed arguments. |

Details

The summary plot on the left represents gene-wise log-fold-change (logFC) on the y-axis versus average gene expression calculated as log-counts-per-million (logCPM) values. We call our summary plot an MA plot because this type of plot was originally referred to as an MA plot in the `limma` package, with the M-value representing logFC and A-value representing average expression - it has since been renamed to MD plot in the `limma` package. The expression plot on the right displays sample expression values for a single gene. Interactions with the `htmlwidget` include clicking on genes (points) in the summary plot to bring up associated sample expression values in the expression plot, as well as the summary statistics in the table below. Alternatively, users can interact with the table by clicking on genes (rows) to highlight genes in the summary plot, as well as bring up associated sample expression values in the expression plot. Briefly, other interactive features include a search box for the table, buttons to save plots and data (summary statistics and expression values), additional pop-up information when hovering on points in plots, and rescaling of the y-axis in the expression plot.

Value

`htmlwidget` object or `NULL` if `html` argument is specified.

Author(s)

Hasaru Kariyawasam, Shian Su and Oliver Voogd

Examples

```
methods(glimmaMA) # show methods for glimmaMA
```

`glimmaMA.DESeqDataSet` *Glimma MA Plot*

Description

Draws a two-panel interactive MA plot from an `DESeqDataSet` object. This is a special case of the `glimmaXY` plot.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'DESeqDataSet'
glimmaMA(
  x,
  counts = DESeq2::counts(x),
  groups = extractGroups(colData(x)),
  status = NULL,
  anno = NULL,
  display.columns = NULL,
  status.cols = c("#1052bd", "silver", "#cc212f"),
  sample.cols = NULL,
  transform.counts = c("logcpm", "cpm", "rpkm", "logrpkm", "none"),
  main = "MA Plot",
  xlab = "logCPM",
  ylab = "logFC",
  html = NULL,
  width = 920,
  height = 920,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| <code>x</code> | DESeqDataSet object from which summary statistics are extracted from to create summary (left) plot. |
| <code>counts</code> | numeric matrix with <code>nrow(x)</code> rows containing gene expression values. |
| <code>groups</code> | vector/factor representing the experimental group for each sample; see extractGroups for default value. |
| <code>status</code> | vector of length <code>nrow(x)</code> indicating the status of each gene. |
| <code>anno</code> | dataframe with <code>nrow(x)</code> rows containing gene annotations. |
| <code>display.columns</code> | character vector containing names of columns from <code>anno</code> from which to display in mouseover tooltips and table. |
| <code>status.cols</code> | vector of length 3 containing valid CSS strings for colours associated with <code>status</code> in the order of -1, 0 and 1. |
| <code>sample.cols</code> | character vector of length <code>ncol(counts)</code> containing valid CSS strings for colours associated with each sample to be displayed on the expression plot. If left unspecified, samples will be coloured according to <code>groups</code> . |
| <code>transform.counts</code> | the type of transformation used on the counts - "logcpm" for using <code>edgeR::cpm(counts, log=TRUE)</code> ; "cpm" for <code>edgeR::cpm(counts)</code> ; "rpkm" for <code>edgeR::rpkm(counts)</code> ; "logrpkm" for <code>edgeR::rpkm(counts, log=TRUE)</code> ; and "none" for no transformation). Defaults to "logcpm". |
| <code>main</code> | character string for the main title of summary plot. |
| <code>xlab</code> | character string for the x-axis label of summary plot. |
| <code>ylab</code> | character string for the y-axis label of summary plot. |
| <code>html</code> | character string for naming HTML file for exportation of widget. The extension should be included in the file name e.g. "file.html". |

| | |
|--------|---|
| width | numeric value indicating width of widget in pixels. |
| height | numeric value indicating width of height in pixels. |
| ... | additional unused arguments. |

Details

The summary plot on the left represents gene-wise log-fold-change (logFC) on the y-axis versus average gene expression calculated as log-counts-per-million (logCPM) values. We call our summary plot an MA plot because this type of plot was originally referred to as an MA plot in the `limma` package, with the M-value representing logFC and A-value representing average expression - it has since been renamed to MD plot in the `limma` package. The expression plot on the right displays sample expression values for a single gene. Interactions with the `htmlwidget` include clicking on genes (points) in the summary plot to bring up associated sample expression values in the expression plot, as well as the summary statistics in the table below. Alternatively, users can interact with the table by clicking on genes (rows) to highlight genes in the summary plot, as well as bring up associated sample expression values in the expression plot. Briefly, other interactive features include a search box for the table, buttons to save plots and data (summary statistics and expression values), additional pop-up information when hovering on points in plots, and rescaling of the y-axis in the expression plot.

Value

`htmlwidget` object or `NULL` if `html` argument is specified.

Author(s)

Hasaru Kariyawasam, Shian Su and Oliver Voogd

See Also

[glimmaMA](#), [glimmaMA.MArrayLM](#), [glimmaMA.DGEEexact](#), [glimmaMA.DGELRT](#)

Examples

```
dge <- readRDS(
  system.file("RNAseq123/dge.rds", package = "Glimma"))

dds <- DESeq2::DESeqDataSetFromMatrix(
  countData = dge$counts,
  colData = dge$samples,
  rowData = dge$genes,
  design = ~group
)

dds <- DESeq2::DESeq(dds, quiet=TRUE)
glimmaMA(dds)
```

glimmaMA.DGEEexact *Glimma MA Plot*

Description

Draws a two-panel interactive MA plot from an DGEEexact object. This is a special case of the glimmaXY plot.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'DGEEexact'
glimmaMA(
  x,
  dge = NULL,
  counts = dge$counts,
  groups = dge$samples$group,
  status = edgeR::decideTests.DGEEexact(x),
  anno = x$genes,
  display.columns = NULL,
  status.cols = c("#1052bd", "silver", "#cc212f"),
  sample.cols = NULL,
  p.adj.method = "BH",
  transform.counts = c("logcpm", "cpm", "rpkm", "logrpkm", "none"),
  main = paste(x$comparison[2], "vs", x$comparison[1]),
  xlab = "logCPM",
  ylab = "logFC",
  html = NULL,
  width = 920,
  height = 920,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| <code>x</code> | DGEEexact object from which summary statistics are extracted from to create summary (left) plot. |
| <code>dge</code> | DGEList object with <code>nrow(x)</code> rows from which expression values are extracted from to create expression (right) plot. Gene counts are taken from <code>dge\$counts</code> and sample groups from <code>dge\$samples\$group</code> . By default raw counts are transformed to log-cpm values (see more in the <code>transform.counts</code> argument). |
| <code>counts</code> | numeric matrix with <code>nrow(x)</code> rows containing gene expression values. This can be used to replace the gene counts from <code>dge\$counts</code> , i.e. you may have log-rpkm values stored in a different object that you wish to use. |
| <code>groups</code> | vector of length <code>ncol(dge)</code> representing categorisation of samples in expression plot. |
| <code>status</code> | vector of length <code>nrow(x)</code> indicating the status of each gene. By default genes in the summary plot are coloured based on its differential expression status using an adjusted p-value cutoff of 0.05 by calling the <code>edgeR::decideTests()</code> function, where the value of -1 marks down-regulated genes, 0 marks genes with no expression difference, and 1 marks up-regulated genes. |

| | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| <code>anno</code> | dataframe with <code>nrow(x)</code> rows containing gene annotations. |
| <code>display.columns</code> | character vector containing names of columns from <code>anno</code> from which to display in mouseover tooltips and table. |
| <code>status.cols</code> | vector of length 3 containing valid CSS strings for colours associated with <code>status</code> in the order of -1, 0 and 1. |
| <code>sample.cols</code> | character vector of length <code>ncol(counts)</code> containing valid CSS strings for colours associated with each sample to be displayed on the expression plot. If left unspecified, samples will be coloured according to groups. |
| <code>p.adj.method</code> | character string specifying p-value adjustment method. |
| <code>transform.counts</code> | the type of transformation used on the counts - "logcpm" for using <code>edgeR::cpm(counts, log=TRUE)</code> ; "cpm" for <code>edgeR::cpm(counts)</code> ; "rpkm" for <code>edgeR::rpkm(counts)</code> ; "logrpkm" for <code>edgeR::rpkm(counts, log=TRUE)</code> ; and "none" for no transformation). Defaults to "logcpm". |
| <code>main</code> | character string for the main title of summary plot. |
| <code>xlab</code> | character string for the x-axis label of summary plot. |
| <code>ylab</code> | character string for the y-axis label of summary plot. |
| <code>html</code> | character string for naming HTML file for exportation of widget. The extension should be included in the file name e.g. "file.html". |
| <code>width</code> | numeric value indicating width of widget in pixels. |
| <code>height</code> | numeric value indicating width of height in pixels. |
| <code>...</code> | additional unused arguments. |

Details

The summary plot on the left represents gene-wise log-fold-change (logFC) on the y-axis versus average gene expression calculated as log-counts-per-million (logCPM) values. We call our summary plot an MA plot because this type of plot was originally referred to as an MA plot in the `limma` package, with the M-value representing logFC and A-value representing average expression - it has since been renamed to MD plot in the `limma` package. The expression plot on the right displays sample expression values for a single gene. Interactions with the `htmlwidget` include clicking on genes (points) in the summary plot to bring up associated sample expression values in the expression plot, as well as the summary statistics in the table below. Alternatively, users can interact with the table by clicking on genes (rows) to highlight genes in the summary plot, as well as bring up associated sample expression values in the expression plot. Briefly, other interactive features include a search box for the table, buttons to save plots and data (summary statistics and expression values), additional pop-up information when hovering on points in plots, and rescaling of the y-axis in the expression plot.

Value

`htmlwidget` object or `NULL` if `html` argument is specified.

Author(s)

Hasaru Kariyawasam, Shian Su and Oliver Voogd

See Also

[glimmaMA](#), [glimmaMA.MArrayLM](#), [glimmaMA.DGELRT](#), [glimmaMA.DESeqDataSet](#)

Examples

```
dge <- readRDS(
  system.file("RNAseq123/dge.rds", package = "Glimma"))
design <- readRDS(
  system.file("RNAseq123/design.rds", package = "Glimma"))
contr.matrix <- readRDS(
  system.file("RNAseq123/contr.matrix.rds", package = "Glimma"))

dge <- edgeR::estimateDisp(dge, design)
gfit <- edgeR::glmFit(dge, design)
glrt <- edgeR::glmLRT(gfit, design, contrast = contr.matrix)

glimmaMA(glrt, dge = dge)
```

glimmaMA.DGELRT

*Glimma MA Plot***Description**

Draws a two-panel interactive MA plot from an DGELRT object. This is a special case of the glimmaXY plot.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'DGELRT'
glimmaMA(
  x,
  dge = NULL,
  counts = dge$counts,
  groups = dge$samples$group,
  status = edgeR::decideTests.DGEEexact(x),
  anno = x$genes,
  display.columns = NULL,
  status.cols = c("#1052bd", "silver", "#cc212f"),
  sample.cols = NULL,
  p.adj.method = "BH",
  transform.counts = c("logcpm", "cpm", "rpkm", "logrpkm", "none"),
  main = paste(x$comparison[2], "vs", x$comparison[1]),
  xlab = "logCPM",
  ylab = "logFC",
  html = NULL,
  width = 920,
  height = 920,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

x DGELRT object from which summary statistics are extracted from to create summary (left) plot.

| | |
|------------------|--|
| dge | DGEList object with <code>nrow(x)</code> rows from which expression values are extracted from to create expression (right) plot. Gene counts are taken from <code>dge\$counts</code> and sample groups from <code>dge\$samples\$group</code> . By default raw counts are transformed to log-cpm values (see more in the <code>transform.counts</code> argument). |
| counts | numeric matrix with <code>nrow(x)</code> rows containing gene expression values. This can be used to replace the gene counts from <code>dge\$counts</code> , i.e. you may have log-rpkm values stored in a different object that you wish to use. |
| groups | vector of length <code>ncol(dge)</code> representing categorisation of samples in expression plot. |
| status | vector of length <code>nrow(x)</code> indicating the status of each gene. By default genes in the summary plot are coloured based on its differential expression status using an adjusted p-value cutoff of 0.05 by calling the <code>edgeR::decideTests()</code> function, where the value of -1 marks down-regulated genes, 0 marks genes with no expression difference, and 1 marks up-regulated genes. |
| anno | dataframe with <code>nrow(x)</code> rows containing gene annotations. |
| display.columns | character vector containing names of columns from <code>anno</code> from which to display in mouseover tooltips and table. |
| status.cols | vector of length 3 containing valid CSS strings for colours associated with <code>status</code> in the order of -1, 0 and 1. |
| sample.cols | character vector of length <code>ncol(counts)</code> containing valid CSS strings for colours associated with each sample to be displayed on the expression plot. If left unspecified, samples will be coloured according to groups. |
| p.adj.method | character string specifying p-value adjustment method. |
| transform.counts | the type of transformation used on the counts - "logcpm" for using <code>edgeR::cpm(counts, log=TRUE)</code> ; "cpm" for <code>edgeR::cpm(counts)</code> ; "rpkm" for <code>edgeR::rpkm(counts)</code> ; "logrpkm" for <code>edgeR::rpkm(counts, log=TRUE)</code> ; and "none" for no transformation). Defaults to "logcpm". |
| main | character string for the main title of summary plot. |
| xlab | character string for the x-axis label of summary plot. |
| ylab | character string for the y-axis label of summary plot. |
| html | character string for naming HTML file for exportation of widget. The extension should be included in the file name e.g. "file.html". |
| width | numeric value indicating width of widget in pixels. |
| height | numeric value indicating width of height in pixels. |
| ... | additional unused arguments. |

Details

The summary plot on the left represents gene-wise log-fold-change (logFC) on the y-axis versus average gene expression calculated as log-counts-per-million (logCPM) values. We call our summary plot an MA plot because this type of plot was originally referred to as an MA plot in the `limma` package, with the M-value representing logFC and A-value representing average expression - it has since been renamed to MD plot in the `limma` package. The expression plot on the right displays sample expression values for a single gene. Interactions with the `htmlwidget` include clicking on genes (points) in the summary plot to bring up associated sample expression values in the expression plot, as well as the summary statistics in the table below. Alternatively, users can interact with

the table by clicking on genes (rows) to highlight genes in the summary plot, as well as bring up associated sample expression values in the expression plot. Briefly, other interactive features include a search box for the table, buttons to save plots and data (summary statistics and expression values), additional pop-up information when hovering on points in plots, and rescaling of the y-axis in the expression plot.

Value

htmlwidget object or NULL if html argument is specified.

Author(s)

Hasaru Kariyawasam, Shian Su and Oliver Voogd

See Also

[glimmaMA](#), [glimmaMA.MArrayLM](#), [glimmaMA.DGEEExact](#), [glimmaMA.DESeqDataSet](#)

glimmaMA.MArrayLM *Glimma MA Plot*

Description

Draws a two-panel interactive MA plot from an MArrayLM object. This is a special case of the glimmaXY plot.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'MArrayLM'
glimmaMA(
  x,
  dge = NULL,
  counts = dge$counts,
  groups = dge$samples$group,
  coef = ncol(x$coefficients),
  status = limma::decideTests(x),
  anno = x$genes,
  display.columns = NULL,
  status.cols = c("#1052bd", "silver", "#cc212f"),
  sample.cols = NULL,
  p.adj.method = "BH",
  transform.counts = c("logcpm", "cpm", "rpkm", "logrpkm", "none"),
  main = colnames(x)[coef],
  xlab = "logCPM",
  ylab = "logFC",
  html = NULL,
  width = 920,
  height = 920,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| <code>x</code> | MArrayLM object from which summary statistics are extracted from to create summary (left) plot. |
| <code>dge</code> | DGEList object with <code>nrow(x)</code> rows from which expression values are extracted from to create expression (right) plot. Gene counts are taken from <code>dge\$counts</code> and sample groups from <code>dge\$samples\$group</code> . By default raw counts are transformed to log-cpm values (see more in the <code>transform.counts</code> argument). |
| <code>counts</code> | numeric matrix with <code>nrow(x)</code> rows containing gene expression values. This can be used to replace the gene counts from <code>dge\$counts</code> , i.e. you may have log-rpkm values stored in a different object that you wish to use. |
| <code>groups</code> | vector of length <code>ncol(dge)</code> representing categorisation of samples in expression plot. |
| <code>coef</code> | integer indicating the column in <code>x</code> from the summary plot is created. |
| <code>status</code> | vector of length <code>nrow(x)</code> indicating the status of each gene. By default genes in the summary plot are coloured based on its differential expression status using an adjusted p-value cutoff of 5% by calling the <code>limma::decideTests</code> function, where the value of -1 marks down-regulated genes, 0 marks genes with no expression difference, and 1 marks up-regulated genes. |
| <code>anno</code> | dataframe with <code>nrow(x)</code> rows containing gene annotations. |
| <code>display.columns</code> | character vector containing names of columns from <code>anno</code> from which to display in mouseover tooltips and table. |
| <code>status.cols</code> | vector of length 3 containing valid CSS strings for colours associated with <code>status</code> in the order of -1, 0 and 1. |
| <code>sample.cols</code> | character vector of length <code>ncol(counts)</code> containing valid CSS strings for colours associated with each sample to be displayed on the expression plot. If left unspecified, samples will be coloured according to <code>groups</code> . |
| <code>p.adj.method</code> | character string specifying p-value adjustment method. |
| <code>transform.counts</code> | the type of transformation used on the counts - "logcpm" for using <code>edgeR::cpm(counts, log=TRUE)</code> ; "cpm" for <code>edgeR::cpm(counts)</code> ; "rpkm" for <code>edgeR::rpkm(counts)</code> ; "logrpkm" for <code>edgeR::rpkm(counts, log=TRUE)</code> ; and "none" for no transformation). Defaults to "logcpm". |
| <code>main</code> | character string for the main title of summary plot. |
| <code>xlab</code> | character string for the x-axis label of summary plot. |
| <code>ylab</code> | character string for the y-axis label of summary plot. |
| <code>html</code> | character string for naming HTML file for exportation of widget. The extension should be included in the file name e.g. "file.html". |
| <code>width</code> | numeric value indicating width of widget in pixels. |
| <code>height</code> | numeric value indicating width of height in pixels. |
| <code>...</code> | additional unused arguments. |

Details

The summary plot on the left represents gene-wise log-fold-change (logFC) on the y-axis versus average gene expression calculated as log-counts-per-million (logCPM) values. We call our summary plot an MA plot because this type of plot was originally referred to as an MA plot in the `limma`

package, with the M-value representing logFC and A-value representing average expression - it has since been renamed to MD plot in the `limma` package. The expression plot on the right displays sample expression values for a single gene. Interactions with the `htmlwidget` include clicking on genes (points) in the summary plot to bring up associated sample expression values in the expression plot, as well as the summary statistics in the table below. Alternatively, users can interact with the table by clicking on genes (rows) to highlight genes in the summary plot, as well as bring up associated sample expression values in the expression plot. Briefly, other interactive features include a search box for the table, buttons to save plots and data (summary statistics and expression values), additional pop-up information when hovering on points in plots, and rescaling of the y-axis in the expression plot.

Value

`htmlwidget` object or `NULL` if `html` argument is specified.

Author(s)

Hasaru Kariyawasam, Shian Su and Oliver Voogd

See Also

[glimmaMA](#), [glimmaMA.DGEEexact](#), [glimmaMA.DGELRT](#), [glimmaMA.DESeqDataSet](#)

Examples

```
dge <- readRDS(
  system.file("RNAseq123/dge.rds", package = "Glimma"))
design <- readRDS(
  system.file("RNAseq123/design.rds", package = "Glimma"))
contr.matrix <- readRDS(
  system.file("RNAseq123/contr.matrix.rds", package = "Glimma"))

v <- limma::voom(dge, design)
vfit <- limma::lmFit(v, design)
vfit <- limma::contrasts.fit(vfit, contrasts = contr.matrix)
efit <- limma::eBayes(vfit)

glimmaMA(efit, dge = dge)
```

`glimmaMDS`

Glimma MDS Plot

Description

Generic function for drawing a two-panel interactive multidimensional scaling (MDS) plot. The function invokes the following methods which depend on the class of the first argument:

- [glimmaMDS.DGEList](#) for edgeR analysis
- [glimmaMDS.DESeqDataSet](#) for DESeq2 analysis
- [glimmaMDS.default](#) for all other object types

Usage

```
glimmaMDS(x, ...)
```

Arguments

`x` the matrix containing the gene expressions.

`...` the additional arguments affecting the plot produced. See specific methods for detailed arguments.

Details

The left plot shows two MDS dimensions, with sample annotations displayed on hover. The right panel contains a bar plot of the eigenvalues of each dimension. The controls beneath the plots can be used to change the dimensions being displayed, and the scale, colour and shape of points. The interactive MDS plot allows users to adjust sample points by scale, colour and shape for multiple vectors associated with sample information. This is carried out most effectively when `x$samples` includes an abundance of sample information, or when a data frame object is supplied to `groups`. If a simple character or factor vector is given to `groups` (with the default of `continuous.colour=FALSE`), then sample points will have no scaling options, but can only be adjusted in colour and shape by groups and labels. Instead, if `groups` is a numeric vector (e.g. library size or expression level of a specific gene), then the plot can be scaled and coloured by the numeric values with `continuous.colour=TRUE`. For more details, refer to `limma::plotMDS`.

Value

htmlwidget object or NULL if `html` argument is specified.

Author(s)

Hasaru Kariyawasam, Shian Su and Oliver Voogd

Examples

```
dge <- readRDS(system.file("RNAseq123/dge.rds", package = "Glimma"))
glimmaMDS(dge)

# using DESeqDataSet
dds <- DESeq2::DESeqDataSetFromMatrix(
  countData = dge$counts,
  colData = dge$samples,
  rowData = dge$genes,
  design = ~group
)
glimmaMDS(dds)

# using matrix object
expr <- edgeR::cpm(dge, log = TRUE)
glimmaMDS(expr)
```

glimmaMDS.default *Glimma MDS Plot*

Description

Draws a two-panel interactive MDS plot.

Usage

```
## Default S3 method:
glimmaMDS(
  x,
  groups = as.character(rep(1, ncol(x))),
  labels = as.character(seq_len(ncol(x))),
  continuous.colour = FALSE,
  top = 500,
  gene.selection = c("pairwise", "common"),
  html = NULL,
  width = 900,
  height = 500,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| <code>x</code> | the matrix containing the gene expressions. |
| <code>groups</code> | vector or data frame object with associated sample information such as experimental groups. The information is displayed in mouseover tooltips, and appropriate vector(s) can be used to adjust the plot using <code>scale_by</code> , <code>colour_by</code> and <code>shape_by</code> drop-down boxes of the widget. |
| <code>labels</code> | character vector of sample names or labels. |
| <code>continuous.colour</code> | TRUE if continuous colour schemes should be used. Defaults to FALSE where distinct colour schemes are used. |
| <code>top</code> | integer indicating number of top genes used to calculate pairwise distances. |
| <code>gene.selection</code> | character string specifying how genes are selected from the plot - "pairwise" if most variable genes are to be chosen for each pair of samples, or "common" to select the same genes for all comparisons. |
| <code>html</code> | character string for naming HTML file or exportation of widget. The extension should be included in the file name e.g. "file.html". |
| <code>width</code> | numeric value indicating width of widget in pixels. |
| <code>height</code> | numeric value indicating width of widget in pixels. |
| <code>...</code> | additional unused arguments. |

Details

The left plot shows two MDS dimensions, with sample annotations displayed on hover. The right panel contains a bar plot of the eigenvalues of each dimension. The controls beneath the plots can be used to change the dimensions being displayed, and the scale, colour and shape of points. The interactive MDS plot allows users to adjust sample points by scale, colour and shape for multiple vectors associated with sample information. This is carried out most effectively when `x$samples` includes an abundance of sample information, or when a data frame object is supplied to `groups`. If a simple character or factor vector is given to `groups` (with the default of `continuous.colour=FALSE`), then sample points will have no scaling options, but can only be adjusted in colour and shape by groups and labels. Instead, if `groups` is a numeric vector (e.g. library size or expression level of a specific gene), then the plot can be scaled and coloured by the numeric values with `continuous.colour=TRUE`. For more details, refer to `limma::plotMDS`.

Value

htmlwidget object or NULL if `html` argument is specified.

Author(s)

Hasaru Kariyawasam, Shian Su and Oliver Voogd

See Also

[glimmaMDS](#), [glimmaMDS.DGEList](#), [glimmaMDS.DESeqDataSet](#)

Examples

```
dge <- readRDS(system.file("RNAseq123/dge.rds", package = "Glimma"))
expr <- edgeR::cpm(dge, log = TRUE)
glimmaMDS(expr)
```

`glimmaMDS.DESeqDataSet`

Glimma MDS Plot

Description

Draws a two-panel interactive MDS plot using a `DESeqDataset` `x`. Transforms counts using `edgeR::cpm(DESeq2::countLog = TRUE, prior.count = prior.count)`.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'DESeqDataSet'
glimmaMDS(
  x,
  groups = as.data.frame(SummarizedExperiment::colData(x)),
  labels = rownames(SummarizedExperiment::colData(x)),
  continuous.colour = FALSE,
  top = 500,
  gene.selection = c("pairwise", "common"),
  prior.count = 2,
```

```

    html = NULL,
    width = 900,
    height = 500,
    ...
)

```

Arguments

| | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| <code>x</code> | DESeqDataSet object containing gene counts. |
| <code>groups</code> | vector or data frame object with associated sample information such as experimental groups. The information is displayed in mouseover tooltips, and appropriate vector(s) can be used to adjust the plot using <code>scale_by</code> , <code>colour_by</code> and <code>shape_by</code> drop-down boxes of the widget. |
| <code>labels</code> | character vector of sample names or labels. |
| <code>continuous.colour</code> | TRUE if continuous colour schemes should be used. Defaults to FALSE where distinct colour schemes are used. |
| <code>top</code> | integer indicating number of top genes used to calculate pairwise distances. |
| <code>gene.selection</code> | character string specifying how genes are selected from the plot - "pairwise" if most variable genes are to be chosen for each pair of samples, or "common" to select the same genes for all comparisons. |
| <code>prior.count</code> | integer indicating the average count to be added to each observation to avoid taking log of zero when raw counts are transformed to log-counts-per-million values (using <code>edgeR::cpm</code> function). |
| <code>html</code> | character string for naming HTML file or exportation of widget. The extension should be included in the file name e.g. "file.html". |
| <code>width</code> | numeric value indicating width of widget in pixels. |
| <code>height</code> | numeric value indicating width of widget in pixels. |
| <code>...</code> | additional unused arguments. |

Details

The left plot shows two MDS dimensions, with sample annotations displayed on hover. The right panel contains a bar plot of the eigenvalues of each dimension. The controls beneath the plots can be used to change the dimensions being displayed, and the scale, colour and shape of points. The interactive MDS plot allows users to adjust sample points by scale, colour and shape for multiple vectors associated with sample information. This is carried out most effectively when `x$samples` includes an abundance of sample information, or when a data frame object is supplied to `groups`. If a simple character or factor vector is given to `groups` (with the default of `continuous.colour=FALSE`), then sample points will have no scaling options, but can only be adjusted in colour and shape by `groups` and `labels`. Instead, if `groups` is a numeric vector (e.g. library size or expression level of a specific gene), then the plot can be scaled and coloured by the numeric values with `continuous.colour=TRUE`. For more details, refer to `limma::plotMDS`.

Value

htmlwidget object or NULL if `html` argument is specified.

Author(s)

Hasaru Kariyawasam, Shian Su and Oliver Voogd

See Also

[glimmaMDS](#), [glimmaMDS.default](#), [glimmaMDS.DGEList](#)

Examples

```
dge <- readRDS(system.file("RNAseq123/dge.rds", package = "Glimma"))
dds <- DESeq2::DESeqDataSetFromMatrix(
  countData = dge$counts,
  colData = dge$samples,
  rowData = dge$genes,
  design = ~group
)
glimmaMDS(dds)
```

`glimmaMDS.DGEList` *Glimma MDS Plot*

Description

Draws a two-panel interactive MDS plot using a `DGEList` `x`. Transforms counts using `edgeR::cpm(x, log=TRUE, prior.count = prior.count)`.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'DGEList'
glimmaMDS(
  x,
  groups = x$samples,
  labels = rownames(x$samples),
  continuous.colour = FALSE,
  top = 500,
  gene.selection = c("pairwise", "common"),
  prior.count = 2,
  html = NULL,
  width = 900,
  height = 500,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| <code>x</code> | DGEList object containing gene counts in <code>x\$counts</code> . |
| <code>groups</code> | vector or data frame object with associated sample information such as experimental groups. The information is displayed in mouseover tooltips, and appropriate vector(s) can be used to adjust the plot using <code>scale_by</code> , <code>colour_by</code> and <code>shape_by</code> drop-down boxes of the widget. |
| <code>labels</code> | character vector of sample names or labels. |
| <code>continuous.colour</code> | TRUE if continuous colour schemes should be used. Defaults to FALSE where distinct colour schemes are used. |

| | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| <code>top</code> | integer indicating number of top genes used to calculate pairwise distances. |
| <code>gene.selection</code> | character string specifying how genes are selected from the plot - "pairwise" if most variable genes are to be chosen for each pair of samples, or "common" to select the same genes for all comparisons. |
| <code>prior.count</code> | integer indicating the average count to be added to each observation to avoid taking log of zero when raw counts are transformed to log-counts-per-million values (using <code>edgeR::cpm</code> function). |
| <code>html</code> | character string for naming HTML file or exportation of widget. The extension should be included in the file name e.g. "file.html". |
| <code>width</code> | numeric value indicating width of widget in pixels. |
| <code>height</code> | numeric value indicating width of widget in pixels. |
| <code>...</code> | additional unused arguments. |

Details

The left plot shows two MDS dimensions, with sample annotations displayed on hover. The right panel contains a bar plot of the eigenvalues of each dimension. The controls beneath the plots can be used to change the dimensions being displayed, and the scale, colour and shape of points. The interactive MDS plot allows users to adjust sample points by scale, colour and shape for multiple vectors associated with sample information. This is carried out most effectively when `x$samples` includes an abundance of sample information, or when a data frame object is supplied to `groups`. If a simple character or factor vector is given to `groups` (with the default of `continuous.colour=FALSE`), then sample points will have no scaling options, but can only be adjusted in colour and shape by groups and labels. Instead, if `groups` is a numeric vector (e.g. library size or expression level of a specific gene), then the plot can be scaled and coloured by the numeric values with `continuous.colour=TRUE`. For more details, refer to `limma::plotMDS`.

Value

htmlwidget object or NULL if `html` argument is specified.

Author(s)

Hasaru Kariyawasam, Shian Su and Oliver Voogd

See Also

[glimmaMDS](#), [glimmaMDS.default](#), [glimmaMDS.DESeqDataSet](#)

Examples

```
dge <- readRDS(system.file("RNAseq123/dge.rds", package = "Glimma"))
glimmaMDS(dge)
```

`glimmaVolcano`*Glimma Volcano Plot*

Description

Generic function for drawing a two-panel interactive volcano plot, a special case of the `glimmaXY` plot. The function invokes the following methods which depend on the class of the first argument:

- `glimmaVolcano.MArrayLM` for limma analysis
- `glimmaVolcano.DGEEexact` for edgeR analysis, produced from `exactTest`
- `glimmaVolcano.DGELRT` for edgeR analysis, produced from `glmLRT`
- `glimmaVolcano.DESeqDataSet` for DESeq2 analysis

Usage

```
glimmaVolcano(x, ...)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------------|---|
| <code>x</code> | the DE object to plot. |
| <code>...</code> | additional arguments affecting the plots produced. See specific methods for detailed arguments. |

Details

The summary plot on the left represents gene-wise log-fold-change (logFC) on the x-axis versus $-\log_{10}(\text{pvalue})$. The expression plot on the right displays sample expression values for a single gene. Interactions with the `htmlwidget` include clicking on genes (points) in the summary plot to bring up associated sample expression values in the expression plot, as well as the summary statistics in the table below. Alternatively, users can interact with the table by clicking on genes (rows) to highlight genes in the summary plot, as well as bring up associated sample expression values in the expression plot. Briefly, other interactive features include a search box for the table, buttons to save plots and data (summary statistics and expression values), additional pop-up information when hovering on points in plots, and rescaling of the y-axis in the expression plot.

Value

`htmlwidget` object or `NULL` if `html` argument is specified.

Author(s)

Hasaru Kariyawasam, Shian Su and Oliver Voogd

Examples

```
dge <- readRDS(
  system.file("RNAseq123/dge.rds", package = "Glimma"))
design <- readRDS(
  system.file("RNAseq123/design.rds", package = "Glimma"))
contr.matrix <- readRDS(
  system.file("RNAseq123/contr.matrix.rds", package = "Glimma"))
```



```

v <- limma::voom(dge, design)
vfit <- limma::lmFit(v, design)
vfit <- limma::contrasts.fit(vfit, contrasts = contr.matrix)
efit <- limma::eBayes(vfit)

glimmaVolcano(efit, dge = dge)

```

```

glimmaVolcano.DESeqDataSet
Glimma Volcano Plot

```

Description

Draws a two-panel interactive volcano plot from an `DESeqDataSet` object. This is a special case of the `glimmaXY` plot.

Usage

```

## S3 method for class 'DESeqDataSet'
glimmaVolcano(
  x,
  counts = DESeq2::counts(x),
  groups = extractGroups(colData(x)),
  status = NULL,
  anno = NULL,
  display.columns = NULL,
  status.cols = c("#1052bd", "silver", "#cc212f"),
  sample.cols = NULL,
  transform.counts = c("logcpm", "cpm", "rpkm", "none"),
  main = "Volcano Plot",
  xlab = "logFC",
  ylab = "negLog10PValue",
  html = NULL,
  width = 920,
  height = 920,
  ...
)

```

Arguments

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| <code>x</code> | <code>DESeqDataSet</code> object from which summary statistics are extracted from to create summary (left) plot. |
| <code>counts</code> | numeric matrix with <code>nrow(x)</code> rows containing gene expression values. |
| <code>groups</code> | vector/factor representing the experimental group for each sample; see <code>extractGroups</code> for default value. |
| <code>status</code> | vector of length <code>nrow(x)</code> indicating the status of each gene. |
| <code>anno</code> | dataframe with <code>nrow(x)</code> rows containing gene annotations. |

| | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| <code>display.columns</code> | character vector containing names of columns from <code>anno</code> from which to display in mouseover tooltips and table. |
| <code>status.cols</code> | vector of length 3 containing valid CSS strings for colours associated with <code>status</code> in the order of -1, 0 and 1. |
| <code>sample.cols</code> | character vector of length <code>ncol(counts)</code> containing valid CSS strings for colours associated with each sample to be displayed on the expression plot. If left unspecified, samples will be coloured according to groups. |
| <code>transform.counts</code> | the type of transformation used on the counts - "logcpm" for using <code>edgeR::cpm(counts, log=TRUE)</code> ; "cpm" for <code>edgeR::cpm(counts)</code> ; "rpkm" for <code>edgeR::rpkm(counts)</code> ; "logrpkm" for <code>edgeR::rpkm(counts, log=TRUE)</code> ; and "none" for no transformation). Defaults to "logcpm". |
| <code>main</code> | character string for the main title of summary plot. |
| <code>xlab</code> | character string for the x-axis label of summary plot. |
| <code>ylab</code> | character string for the y-axis label of summary plot. |
| <code>html</code> | character string for naming HTML file for exportation of widget. The extension should be included in the file name e.g. "file.html". |
| <code>width</code> | numeric value indicating width of widget in pixels. |
| <code>height</code> | numeric value indicating width of height in pixels. |
| <code>...</code> | additional unused arguments. |

Details

The summary plot on the left represents gene-wise log-fold-change ($\log_{2}FC$) on the x-axis versus $-\log_{10}(pvalue)$. The expression plot on the right displays sample expression values for a single gene. Interactions with the `htmlwidget` include clicking on genes (points) in the summary plot to bring up associated sample expression values in the expression plot, as well as the summary statistics in the table below. Alternatively, users can interact with the table by clicking on genes (rows) to highlight genes in the summary plot, as well as bring up associated sample expression values in the expression plot. Briefly, other interactive features include a search box for the table, buttons to save plots and data (summary statistics and expression values), additional pop-up information when hovering on points in plots, and rescaling of the y-axis in the expression plot.

Value

`htmlwidget` object or `NULL` if `html` argument is specified.

Author(s)

Hasaru Kariyawasam, Shian Su and Oliver Voogd

See Also

[glimmaVolcano](#), [glimmaVolcano.MArrayLM](#), [glimmaVolcano.DGEEexact](#), [glimmaVolcano.DGELRT](#)

Examples

```
dge <- readRDS(
  system.file("RNAseq123/dge.rds", package = "Glimma"))

dds <- DESeq2::DESeqDataSetFromMatrix(
  countData = dge$counts,
  colData = dge$samples,
  rowData = dge$genes,
  design = ~group
)

dds <- DESeq2::DESeq(dds, quiet=TRUE)
glimmaVolcano(dds)
```

glimmaVolcano.DGEEExact

Glimma Volcano Plot

Description

Draws a two-panel interactive volcano plot from an DGEEExact object. This is a special case of the glimmaXY plot.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'DGEEExact'
glimmaVolcano(
  x,
  dge = NULL,
  counts = dge$counts,
  groups = dge$samples$group,
  status = edgeR::decideTests.DGEEExact(x),
  anno = x$genes,
  display.columns = NULL,
  status.cols = c("#1052bd", "silver", "#cc212f"),
  sample.cols = NULL,
  p.adj.method = "BH",
  transform.counts = c("logcpm", "cpm", "rpkm", "none"),
  main = paste(x$comparison[2], "vs", x$comparison[1]),
  xlab = "logFC",
  ylab = "negLog10PValue",
  html = NULL,
  width = 920,
  height = 920,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

x DGEEExact object from which summary statistics are extracted from to create summary (left) plot.

| | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| <code>dge</code> | DGEList object with <code>nrow(x)</code> rows from which expression values are extracted from to create expression (right) plot. Gene counts are taken from <code>dge\$counts</code> and sample groups from <code>dge\$samples\$group</code> . By default raw counts are transformed to log-cpm values (see more in the <code>transform.counts</code> argument). |
| <code>counts</code> | numeric matrix with <code>nrow(x)</code> rows containing gene expression values. This can be used to replace the gene counts from <code>dge\$counts</code> , i.e. you may have log-rpkm values stored in a different object that you wish to use. |
| <code>groups</code> | vector of length <code>ncol(dge)</code> representing categorisation of samples in expression plot. |
| <code>status</code> | vector of length <code>nrow(x)</code> indicating the status of each gene. By default genes in the summary plot are coloured based on its differential expression status using an adjusted p-value cutoff of 0.05 by calling the <code>edgeR::decideTests()</code> function, where the value of -1 marks down-regulated genes, 0 marks genes with no expression difference, and 1 marks up-regulated genes. |
| <code>anno</code> | dataframe with <code>nrow(x)</code> rows containing gene annotations. |
| <code>display.columns</code> | character vector containing names of columns from <code>anno</code> from which to display in mouseover tooltips and table. |
| <code>status.cols</code> | vector of length 3 containing valid CSS strings for colours associated with <code>status</code> in the order of -1, 0 and 1. |
| <code>sample.cols</code> | character vector of length <code>ncol(counts)</code> containing valid CSS strings for colours associated with each sample to be displayed on the expression plot. If left unspecified, samples will be coloured according to <code>groups</code> . |
| <code>p.adj.method</code> | character string specifying p-value adjustment method. |
| <code>transform.counts</code> | the type of transformation used on the counts - "logcpm" for using <code>edgeR::cpm(counts, log=TRUE)</code> ; "cpm" for <code>edgeR::cpm(counts)</code> ; "rpkm" for <code>edgeR::rpkm(counts)</code> ; "logrpkm" for <code>edgeR::rpkm(counts, log=TRUE)</code> ; and "none" for no transformation). Defaults to "logcpm". |
| <code>main</code> | character string for the main title of summary plot. |
| <code>xlab</code> | character string for the x-axis label of summary plot. |
| <code>ylab</code> | character string for the y-axis label of summary plot. |
| <code>html</code> | character string for naming HTML file for exportation of widget. The extension should be included in the file name e.g. "file.html". |
| <code>width</code> | numeric value indicating width of widget in pixels. |
| <code>height</code> | numeric value indicating width of height in pixels. |
| <code>...</code> | additional unused arguments. |

Details

The summary plot on the left represents gene-wise log-fold-change (logFC) on the x-axis versus $-\log_{10}(\text{pvalue})$. The expression plot on the right displays sample expression values for a single gene. Interactions with the `htmlwidget` include clicking on genes (points) in the summary plot to bring up associated sample expression values in the expression plot, as well as the summary statistics in the table below. Alternatively, users can interact with the table by clicking on genes (rows) to highlight genes in the summary plot, as well as bring up associated sample expression values in the expression plot. Briefly, other interactive features include a search box for the table, buttons to save plots and data (summary statistics and expression values), additional pop-up information when hovering on points in plots, and rescaling of the y-axis in the expression plot.

Value

htmlwidget object or NULL if html argument is specified.

Author(s)

Hasaru Kariyawasam, Shian Su and Oliver Voogd

See Also

[glimmaVolcano](#), [glimmaVolcano.MArrayLM](#), [glimmaVolcano.DGELRT](#), [glimmaVolcano.DESeqDataSet](#)

Examples

```
dge <- readRDS(
  system.file("RNAseq123/dge.rds", package = "Glimma"))
design <- readRDS(
  system.file("RNAseq123/design.rds", package = "Glimma"))
contr.matrix <- readRDS(
  system.file("RNAseq123/contr.matrix.rds", package = "Glimma"))

dge <- edgeR::estimateDisp(dge, design)
gfit <- edgeR::glmFit(dge, design)
glrt <- edgeR::glmLRT(gfit, design, contrast = contr.matrix)

glimmaVolcano(glrt, dge = dge)
```

`glimmaVolcano.DGELRT` *Glimma Volcano Plot*

Description

Draws a two-panel interactive volcano plot from an DGELRT object. This is a special case of the `glimmaXY` plot.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'DGELRT'
glimmaVolcano(
  x,
  dge = NULL,
  counts = dge$counts,
  groups = dge$samples$group,
  status = edgeR::decideTests.DGEEExact(x),
  anno = x$genes,
  display.columns = NULL,
  status.cols = c("#1052bd", "silver", "#cc212f"),
  sample.cols = NULL,
  p.adj.method = "BH",
  transform.counts = c("logcpm", "cpm", "rpkm", "none"),
  main = paste(x$comparison[2], "vs", x$comparison[1]),
  xlab = "logFC",
```

```

ylab = "negLog10PValue",
html = NULL,
width = 920,
height = 920,
...
)

```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| <code>x</code> | DGELRT object from which summary statistics are extracted from to create summary (left) plot. |
| <code>dge</code> | DGEList object with <code>nrow(x)</code> rows from which expression values are extracted from to create expression (right) plot. Gene counts are taken from <code>dge\$counts</code> and sample groups from <code>dge\$samples\$group</code> . By default raw counts are transformed to log-cpm values (see more in the <code>transform.counts</code> argument). |
| <code>counts</code> | numeric matrix with <code>nrow(x)</code> rows containing gene expression values. This can be used to replace the gene counts from <code>dge\$counts</code> , i.e. you may have log-rpkm values stored in a different object that you wish to use. |
| <code>groups</code> | vector of length <code>ncol(dge)</code> representing categorisation of samples in expression plot. |
| <code>status</code> | vector of length <code>nrow(x)</code> indicating the status of each gene. By default genes in the summary plot are coloured based on its differential expression status using an adjusted p-value cutoff of 0.05 by calling the <code>edgeR::decideTests()</code> function, where the value of -1 marks down-regulated genes, 0 marks genes with no expression difference, and 1 marks up-regulated genes. |
| <code>anno</code> | dataframe with <code>nrow(x)</code> rows containing gene annotations. |
| <code>display.columns</code> | character vector containing names of columns from <code>anno</code> from which to display in mouseover tooltips and table. |
| <code>status.cols</code> | vector of length 3 containing valid CSS strings for colours associated with <code>status</code> in the order of -1, 0 and 1. |
| <code>sample.cols</code> | character vector of length <code>ncol(counts)</code> containing valid CSS strings for colours associated with each sample to be displayed on the expression plot. If left unspecified, samples will be coloured according to <code>groups</code> . |
| <code>p.adj.method</code> | character string specifying p-value adjustment method. |
| <code>transform.counts</code> | the type of transformation used on the counts - "logcpm" for using <code>edgeR::cpm(counts, log=TRUE)</code> ; "cpm" for <code>edgeR::cpm(counts)</code> ; "rpkm" for <code>edgeR::rpkm(counts)</code> ; "logrpkm" for <code>edgeR::rpkm(counts, log=TRUE)</code> ; and "none" for no transformation). Defaults to "logcpm". |
| <code>main</code> | character string for the main title of summary plot. |
| <code>xlab</code> | character string for the x-axis label of summary plot. |
| <code>ylab</code> | character string for the y-axis label of summary plot. |
| <code>html</code> | character string for naming HTML file for exportation of widget. The extension should be included in the file name e.g. "file.html". |
| <code>width</code> | numeric value indicating width of widget in pixels. |
| <code>height</code> | numeric value indicating width of height in pixels. |
| <code>...</code> | additional unused arguments. |

Details

The summary plot on the left represents gene-wise log-fold-change (logFC) on the x-axis versus $-\log_{10}(\text{pvalue})$. The expression plot on the right displays sample expression values for a single gene. Interactions with the htmlwidget include clicking on genes (points) in the summary plot to bring up associated sample expression values in the expression plot, as well as the summary statistics in the table below. Alternatively, users can interact with the table by clicking on genes (rows) to highlight genes in the summary plot, as well as bring up associated sample expression values in the expression plot. Briefly, other interactive features include a search box for the table, buttons to save plots and data (summary statistics and expression values), additional pop-up information when hovering on points in plots, and rescaling of the y-axis in the expression plot.

Value

htmlwidget object or NULL if html argument is specified.

Author(s)

Hasaru Kariyawasam, Shian Su and Oliver Voogd

See Also

[glimmaVolcano](#), [glimmaVolcano.MArrayLM](#), [glimmaVolcano.DGEEexact](#), [glimmaVolcano.DESeqDataSet](#)

glimmaVolcano.MArrayLM

Glimma Volcano Plot

Description

Draws a two-panel interactive volcano plot from an MArrayLM object. This is a special case of the glimmaXY plot.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'MArrayLM'
glimmaVolcano(
  x,
  dge = NULL,
  counts = dge$counts,
  groups = dge$samples$group,
  coef = ncol(x$coefficients),
  status = limma::decideTests(x),
  anno = x$genes,
  display.columns = NULL,
  status.cols = c("#1052bd", "silver", "#cc212f"),
  sample.cols = NULL,
  p.adj.method = "BH",
  transform.counts = c("logcpm", "cpm", "rpkm", "none"),
  main = colnames(x)[coef],
  xlab = "logFC",
  ylab = "negLog10PValue",
```

```

html = NULL,
width = 920,
height = 920,
...
)

```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| <code>x</code> | MArrayLM object from which summary statistics are extracted from to create summary (left) plot. |
| <code>dge</code> | DGEList object with <code>nrow(x)</code> rows from which expression values are extracted from to create expression (right) plot. Gene counts are taken from <code>dge\$counts</code> and sample groups from <code>dge\$samples\$group</code> . By default raw counts are transformed to log-cpm values (see more in the <code>transform.counts</code> argument). |
| <code>counts</code> | numeric matrix with <code>nrow(x)</code> rows containing gene expression values. This can be used to replace the gene counts from <code>dge\$counts</code> , i.e. you may have log-rpkm values stored in a different object that you wish to use. |
| <code>groups</code> | vector of length <code>ncol(dge)</code> representing categorisation of samples in expression plot. |
| <code>coef</code> | integer indicating the column in <code>x</code> from the summary plot is created. |
| <code>status</code> | vector of length <code>nrow(x)</code> indicating the status of each gene. By default genes in the summary plot are coloured based on its differential expression status using an adjusted p-value cutoff of 5% by calling the <code>limma::decideTests</code> function, where the value of -1 marks down-regulated genes, 0 marks genes with no expression difference, and 1 marks up-regulated genes. |
| <code>anno</code> | dataframe with <code>nrow(x)</code> rows containing gene annotations. |
| <code>display.columns</code> | character vector containing names of columns from <code>anno</code> from which to display in mouseover tooltips and table. |
| <code>status.cols</code> | vector of length 3 containing valid CSS strings for colours associated with <code>status</code> in the order of -1, 0 and 1. |
| <code>sample.cols</code> | character vector of length <code>ncol(counts)</code> containing valid CSS strings for colours associated with each sample to be displayed on the expression plot. If left unspecified, samples will be coloured according to <code>groups</code> . |
| <code>p.adj.method</code> | character string specifying p-value adjustment method. |
| <code>transform.counts</code> | the type of transformation used on the counts - "logcpm" for using <code>edgeR::cpm(counts, log=TRUE)</code> ; "cpm" for <code>edgeR::cpm(counts)</code> ; "rpkm" for <code>edgeR::rpkm(counts)</code> ; "logrpkm" for <code>edgeR::rpkm(counts, log=TRUE)</code> ; and "none" for no transformation). Defaults to "logcpm". |
| <code>main</code> | character string for the main title of summary plot. |
| <code>xlab</code> | character string for the x-axis label of summary plot. |
| <code>ylab</code> | character string for the y-axis label of summary plot. |
| <code>html</code> | character string for naming HTML file for exportation of widget. The extension should be included in the file name e.g. "file.html". |
| <code>width</code> | numeric value indicating width of widget in pixels. |
| <code>height</code> | numeric value indicating width of height in pixels. |
| <code>...</code> | additional unused arguments. |

Details

The summary plot on the left represents gene-wise log-fold-change (logFC) on the x-axis versus $-\log_{10}(\text{pvalue})$. The expression plot on the right displays sample expression values for a single gene. Interactions with the `htmlwidget` include clicking on genes (points) in the summary plot to bring up associated sample expression values in the expression plot, as well as the summary statistics in the table below. Alternatively, users can interact with the table by clicking on genes (rows) to highlight genes in the summary plot, as well as bring up associated sample expression values in the expression plot. Briefly, other interactive features include a search box for the table, buttons to save plots and data (summary statistics and expression values), additional pop-up information when hovering on points in plots, and rescaling of the y-axis in the expression plot.

Value

`htmlwidget` object or `NULL` if `html` argument is specified.

Author(s)

Hasaru Kariyawasam, Shian Su and Oliver Voogd

See Also

[glimmaVolcano](#), [glimmaVolcano.DGEEexact](#), [glimmaVolcano.DGELRT](#), [glimmaVolcano.DESeqDataSet](#)

`glimmaXY`

Glimma XY Plot

Description

Draws a two-panel interactive XY scatter plot.

Usage

```
glimmaXY(  
  x,  
  y,  
  xlab = "x",  
  ylab = "y",  
  dge = NULL,  
  counts = dge$counts,  
  groups = dge$samples$group,  
  status = rep(0, length(x)),  
  anno = NULL,  
  display.columns = NULL,  
  status.cols = c("#1052bd", "silver", "#cc212f"),  
  sample.cols = NULL,  
  transform.counts = c("logcpm", "cpm", "rpkm", "none"),  
  main = "XY Plot",  
  html = NULL,  
  width = 920,  
  height = 920  
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| <code>x</code> | numeric vector of values to plot on the x-axis of the summary plot. |
| <code>y</code> | numeric vector of values to plot on the y-axis of the summary plot. |
| <code>xlab</code> | character string for the x-axis label of summary plot. |
| <code>ylab</code> | character string for the y-axis label of summary plot. |
| <code>dge</code> | DGEList object with <code>length(x)</code> rows from which expression values are extracted from to create expression (right) plot. Gene counts are taken from <code>dge\$counts</code> and sample groups from <code>dge\$samples\$group</code> . |
| <code>counts</code> | numeric matrix with <code>length(x)</code> rows containing gene expression values. This can be used to replace raw gene counts from <code>dge\$counts</code> with transformed counts e.g. <code>logCPM</code> or <code>logRPKM</code> values. |
| <code>groups</code> | vector of length <code>ncol(counts)</code> representing categorisation of samples in expression plot. |
| <code>status</code> | vector of length <code>length(x)</code> indicating the status of each gene. A value of -1 marks a down-regulated gene, 0 marks a gene with no expression difference, and 1 marks an up-regulated gene. |
| <code>anno</code> | dataframe with <code>length(x)</code> rows containing gene annotations. |
| <code>display.columns</code> | character vector containing names of columns from <code>anno</code> from which to display in mouseover tooltips and table. |
| <code>status.cols</code> | vector of length 3 containing valid CSS strings for colours associated with <code>status</code> in the order of -1, 0 and 1. |
| <code>sample.cols</code> | character vector of length <code>ncol(counts)</code> containing valid CSS strings for colours associated with each sample to be displayed on the expression plot. If left unspecified, samples will be coloured according to <code>groups</code> . |
| <code>transform.counts</code> | the type of transformation used on the counts - " <code>logcpm</code> " for using <code>edgeR::cpm(counts, log=TRUE)</code> ; " <code>cpm</code> " for <code>edgeR::cpm(counts)</code> ; " <code>rpkm</code> " for <code>edgeR::rpkm(counts)</code> ; " <code>logrpkm</code> " for <code>edgeR::rpkm(counts, log=TRUE)</code> ; and " <code>none</code> " for no transformation). Defaults to " <code>logcpm</code> ". |
| <code>main</code> | character string for the main title of summary plot. |
| <code>html</code> | character string for naming HTML file for exportation of widget. The extension should be included in the file name e.g. " <code>file.html</code> ". |
| <code>width</code> | numeric value indicating width of widget in pixels. |
| <code>height</code> | numeric value indicating width of height in pixels. |

Details

The summary plot on the left displays the `x` and `y` values specified. The expression plot on the right displays sample expression values for a single gene. Interactions with the `htmlwidget` include clicking on genes (points) in the summary plot to bring up associated sample expression values in the expression plot, as well as the summary statistics in the table below. Alternatively, users can interact with the table by clicking on genes (rows) to highlight genes in the summary plot, as well as bring up associated sample expression values in the expression plot. Briefly, other interactive features include a search box for the table, buttons to save plots and data (summary statistics and expression values), additional pop-up information when hovering on points in plots, and rescaling of the y-axis in the expression plot.

Value

htmlwidget object or NULL if html argument is specified.

Author(s)

Hasaru Kariyawasam, Shian Su and Oliver Voogd

Examples

```
dge <- readRDS(
  system.file("RNAseq123/dge.rds", package = "Glimma"))
design <- readRDS(
  system.file("RNAseq123/design.rds", package = "Glimma"))
contr.matrix <- readRDS(
  system.file("RNAseq123/contr.matrix.rds", package = "Glimma"))

v <- limma::voom(dge, design)
vfit <- limma::lmFit(v, design)
vfit <- limma::contrasts.fit(vfit, contrasts = contr.matrix)
efit <- limma::eBayes(vfit)

glimmaXY(efit$Amean, efit$coefficients)
```

glimmaXYWidget

GlimmaXY HTMLWidget Wrapper

Description

Passes packaged data to JS interface for rendering.

Usage

```
glimmaXYWidget(xData, width, height, html)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------|---|
| xData | packaged data object returned from buildXYData() |
| width | htmlwidget element width in pixels |
| height | htmlwidget element height in pixels |
| html | name of HTML file (including extension) to export widget into rather than displaying the widget; NULL by default. |

Value

htmlwidget object for XY plot internal use

| | |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| glimma_plot | <i>Glimma plot manager</i> |
|-------------|----------------------------|

Description

Core glimma plot manager. Generates environment for glimma plots.

Usage

```
glimma_plot(
  ...,
  layout = c(1, 1),
  path = getwd(),
  folder = "glimma-plots",
  html = "index",
  overwrite = TRUE,
  launch = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----------|--|
| ... | the jschart or jslink objects for processing. |
| layout | the numeric vector representing the number of rows and columns in plot window. |
| path | the path in which the folder will be created. |
| folder | the name of the fold to save html file to. |
| html | the name of the html file to save plots to. |
| overwrite | the option to overwrite existing folder if it already exists. |
| launch | TRUE to launch plot after call. |

Value

Generates interactive plots based on filling layout row by row from left to right.

| | |
|-------|----------------------|
| glink | <i>Plot linkages</i> |
|-------|----------------------|

Description

Helper function for writing the link properties in interactive Glimma plots

Usage

```
glink(
  from,
  to,
  src = "none",
  dest = "none",
  flag = "none",
  both = FALSE,
  info = "none"
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------|---|
| from | the index of the plot from which the event is dispatched. |
| to | the index of the plot which receives the event and performs an action. |
| src | the action that is performed in the "from" plot. |
| dest | the action that is performed in the "to" plot. |
| flag | indicates special links for particular chart types. |
| both | creates symmetric links whereby the "dest" action in "to" also triggers the "src" action in "from". |
| info | additional info for creating the link. |

Value

a link object containing the plot linking information.

glMDPlot

Glimma MD Plot

Description

Draw an interactive MD plot

Usage

```
glMDPlot(x, ...)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----|---|
| x | the DE object to plot. |
| ... | additional arguments affecting the plots produced. See specific methods for detailed arguments. |

Value

Draws a two-panel interactive MD plot in an html page. The left plot shows the log-fold-change vs average expression. The right plot shows the expression levels of a particular gene of each sample. Hovering over points on left plot will plot expression level for corresponding gene, clicking on points will fix the expression plot to gene. Clicking on rows on the table has the same effect as clicking on the corresponding gene in the plot.

Author(s)

Shian Su

See Also

[glMDPlot.default](#), [glMDPlot.DGELRT](#), [glMDPlot.DGEEexact](#), [glMDPlot.MArrayLM](#), [glMDPlot.DESeqDataSet](#)

glMDPlot.default

*Glimma MD Plot***Description**

Draw an interactive MD plot from a data.frame

Usage

```
## Default S3 method:
glMDPlot(
  x,
  xval,
  yval,
  counts = NULL,
  anno = NULL,
  groups = NULL,
  samples = NULL,
  status = rep(0, nrow(x)),
  transform = FALSE,
  main = "",
  xlab = xval,
  ylab = yval,
  side.main = "GeneID",
  side.xlab = "Group",
  side.ylab = "Expression",
  side.log = FALSE,
  side.gridstep = ifelse(!transform || side.log, FALSE, 0.5),
  jitter = 30,
  display.columns = side.main,
  cols = c("#00bfff", "#858585", "#ff3030"),
  sample.cols = rep("#1f77b4", ncol(counts)),
  path = getwd(),
  folder = "glimma-plots",
  html = "MD-Plot",
  launch = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---------|---|
| x | the data.frame object containing expression and fold change values. |
| xval | the column to plot on x axis of left plot. |
| yval | the column to plot on y axis of left plot. |
| counts | the matrix of expression values, with samples in columns. |
| anno | the data.frame containing gene annotations. |
| groups | the factor containing experimental groups of the samples. |
| samples | the names of the samples. |

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| status | vector giving the control status of data point, of same length as the number of rows of object. If NULL, then all points are plotted in the default colour. |
| transform | TRUE if counts should be log-cpm transformed. |
| main | the title for the left plot. |
| xlab | the label on the x axis for the left plot. |
| ylab | the label on the y axis for the left plot. |
| side.main | the column containing mains for right plot. |
| side.xlab | label for x axis on right plot. |
| side.ylab | label for y axis on right plot. |
| side.log | TRUE to plot expression on the right plot on log scale. |
| side.gridstep | intervals along which to place grid lines on y axis. Currently only available for linear scale. |
| jitter | the amount of jitter to apply to the samples in the expressions plot. |
| display.columns | character vector containing names of columns to display in mouseover tooltips and table. |
| cols | vector of strings denoting colours corresponding to control status -1, 0 and 1. (may be R named colours or Hex values) |
| sample.cols | vector of strings denoting colours for each sample point on the expression plot. |
| path | the path in which the folder will be created. |
| folder | the name of the fold to save html file to. |
| html | the name of the html file to save plots to. |
| launch | TRUE to launch plot after call. |
| ... | additional arguments to be passed onto the MD plot. (main, xlab, ylab can be set for the left plot) |

Value

Draws a two-panel interactive MD plot in an html page. The left plot shows the log-fold-change vs average expression. The right plot shows the expression levels of a particular gene of each sample. Hovering over points on left plot will plot expression level for corresponding gene, clicking on points will fix the expression plot to gene. Clicking on rows on the table has the same effect as clicking on the corresponding gene in the plot.

Author(s)

Shian Su

glMDPlot.DESeqDataSet *Glimma MD Plot*

Description

Draw an interactive MD plot from a DESeqDataSet object

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'DESeqDataSet'
glMDPlot(
  x,
  counts = NULL,
  anno,
  groups,
  samples = NULL,
  status = rep(0, nrow(x)),
  transform = FALSE,
  main = "",
  xlab = "Mean Expression",
  ylab = "log-fold-change",
  side.xlab = "Group",
  side.ylab = "logMean",
  side.log = FALSE,
  side.gridstep = ifelse(!transform || side.log, FALSE, 0.5),
  jitter = 30,
  side.main = "GeneID",
  display.columns = NULL,
  cols = c("#00bfff", "#858585", "#ff3030"),
  sample.cols = rep("#1f77b4", ncol(x)),
  path = getwd(),
  folder = "glimma-plots",
  html = "MD-Plot",
  launch = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----------|---|
| x | the DESeqDataSet object. |
| counts | the matrix of expression values, with samples in columns. |
| anno | the data.frame containing gene annotations. |
| groups | the factor containing experimental groups of the samples. |
| samples | the names of the samples. |
| status | vector giving the control status of data point, of same length as the number of rows of object. If NULL, then all points are plotted in the default colour. |
| transform | TRUE if counts should be log-cpm transformed. |
| main | the title for the left plot. |
| xlab | label for x axis on left plot. |

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| ylab | label for y axis on left plot. |
| side.xlab | label for x axis on right plot. |
| side.ylab | label for y axis on right plot. |
| side.log | TRUE to plot expression on the right plot on log scale. |
| side.gridstep | intervals along which to place grid lines on y axis. Currently only available for linear scale. |
| jitter | the amount of jitter to apply to the samples in the expressions plot. |
| side.main | the column containing mains for right plot. |
| display.columns | character vector containing names of columns to display in mouseover tooltips and table. |
| cols | vector of strings denoting colours corresponding to control status -1, 0 and 1. (may be R named colours or Hex values) |
| sample.cols | vector of strings denoting colours for each sample point on the expression plot. |
| path | the path in which the folder will be created. |
| folder | the name of the fold to save html file to. |
| html | the name of the html file to save plots to. |
| launch | TRUE to launch plot after call. |
| ... | additional arguments to be passed onto the MD plot. (main, xlab, ylab can be set for the left plot) |

Value

Draws a two-panel interactive MD plot in an html page. The left plot shows the log-fold-change vs average expression. The right plot shows the expression levels of a particular gene of each sample. Hovering over points on left plot will plot expression level for corresponding gene, clicking on points will fix the expression plot to gene. Clicking on rows on the table has the same effect as clicking on the corresponding gene in the plot.

Author(s)

Shian Su

gIMDPlot.DESeqResults *Glimma MD Plot*

Description

Draw an interactive MD plot from a DESeqResults object

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'DESeqResults'
glMDPlot(
  x,
  counts = NULL,
  anno,
  groups,
  samples = NULL,
  status = rep(0, nrow(x)),
  transform = FALSE,
  main = "",
  xlab = "Mean Expression",
  ylab = "log-fold-change",
  side.xlab = "Group",
  side.ylab = "Expression",
  side.log = FALSE,
  side.gridstep = ifelse(!transform || side.log, FALSE, 0.5),
  jitter = 30,
  side.main = "GeneID",
  display.columns = NULL,
  cols = c("#00bfff", "#858585", "#ff3030"),
  sample.cols = rep("#1f77b4", ncol(counts)),
  path = getwd(),
  folder = "glimma-plots",
  html = "MD-Plot",
  launch = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|----------------------------|---|
| <code>x</code> | the DESeqResults object. |
| <code>counts</code> | the matrix of expression values, with samples in columns. |
| <code>anno</code> | the data.frame containing gene annotations. |
| <code>groups</code> | the factor containing experimental groups of the samples. |
| <code>samples</code> | the names of the samples. |
| <code>status</code> | vector giving the control status of data point, of same length as the number of rows of object. If NULL, then all points are plotted in the default colour. |
| <code>transform</code> | TRUE if counts should be log-cpm transformed. |
| <code>main</code> | the title for the left plot. |
| <code>xlab</code> | label for x axis on left plot. |
| <code>ylab</code> | label for y axis on left plot. |
| <code>side.xlab</code> | label for x axis on right plot. |
| <code>side.ylab</code> | label for y axis on right plot. |
| <code>side.log</code> | TRUE to plot expression on the right plot on log scale. |
| <code>side.gridstep</code> | intervals along which to place grid lines on y axis. Currently only available for linear scale. |
| <code>jitter</code> | the amount of jitter to apply to the samples in the expressions plot. |

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| side.main | the column containing mains for right plot. |
| display.columns | character vector containing names of columns to display in mouseover tooltips and table. |
| cols | vector of strings denoting colours corresponding to control status -1, 0 and 1. (may be R named colours or Hex values) |
| sample.cols | vector of strings denoting colours for each sample point on the expression plot. |
| path | the path in which the folder will be created. |
| folder | the name of the fold to save html file to. |
| html | the name of the html file to save plots to. |
| launch | TRUE to launch plot after call. |
| ... | additional arguments to be passed onto the MD plot. (main, xlab, ylab can be set for the left plot) |

Value

Draws a two-panel interactive MD plot in an html page. The left plot shows the log-fold-change vs average expression. The right plot shows the expression levels of a particular gene of each sample. Hovering over points on left plot will plot expression level for corresponding gene, clicking on points will fix the expression plot to gene. Clicking on rows on the table has the same effect as clicking on the corresponding gene in the plot.

Author(s)

Shian Su

gIMDPlot.DGEEexact *Glimma MD Plot*

Description

Draw an interactive MD plot from a DGELRT objet

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'DGEEexact'
gIMDPlot(
  x,
  counts = NULL,
  anno = NULL,
  groups = NULL,
  samples = NULL,
  status = rep(0, nrow(x)),
  transform = FALSE,
  main = "",
  xlab = "Average log CPM",
  ylab = "log-fold-change",
  side.xlab = "Group",
  side.ylab = "Expression",
```

```

side.log = FALSE,
side.gridstep = ifelse(!transform || side.log, FALSE, 0.5),
p.adj.method = "BH",
jitter = 30,
side.main = "GeneID",
display.columns = NULL,
cols = c("#00bfff", "#858585", "#ff3030"),
sample.cols = rep("#1f77b4", ncol(counts)),
path = getwd(),
folder = "glimma-plots",
html = "MD-Plot",
launch = TRUE,
...
)

```

Arguments

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| <code>x</code> | the DGEEExact object. |
| <code>counts</code> | the matrix of expression values, with samples in columns. |
| <code>anno</code> | the data.frame containing gene annotations. |
| <code>groups</code> | the factor containing experimental groups of the samples. |
| <code>samples</code> | the names of the samples. |
| <code>status</code> | vector giving the control status of data point, of same length as the number of rows of object. If NULL, then all points are plotted in the default colour. |
| <code>transform</code> | TRUE if counts should be log-cpm transformed. |
| <code>main</code> | the title for the left plot. |
| <code>xlab</code> | label for x axis on left plot. |
| <code>ylab</code> | label for y axis on left plot. |
| <code>side.xlab</code> | label for x axis on right plot. |
| <code>side.ylab</code> | label for y axis on right plot. |
| <code>side.log</code> | TRUE to plot expression on the right plot on log scale. |
| <code>side.gridstep</code> | intervals along which to place grid lines on y axis. Currently only available for linear scale. |
| <code>p.adj.method</code> | character vector indicating multiple testing correction method. See p.adjust for available methods. (defaults to "BH") |
| <code>jitter</code> | the amount of jitter to apply to the samples in the expressions plot. |
| <code>side.main</code> | the column containing mains for right plot. |
| <code>display.columns</code> | character vector containing names of columns to display in mouseover tooltips and table. |
| <code>cols</code> | vector of strings denoting colours corresponding to control status -1, 0 and 1. (may be R named colours or Hex values) |
| <code>sample.cols</code> | vector of strings denoting colours for each sample point on the expression plot. |
| <code>path</code> | the path in which the folder will be created. |
| <code>folder</code> | the name of the fold to save html file to. |
| <code>html</code> | the name of the html file to save plots to. |
| <code>launch</code> | TRUE to launch plot after call. |
| <code>...</code> | additional arguments to be passed onto the MD plot. (main, xlab, ylab can be set for the left plot) |

Value

Draws a two-panel interactive MD plot in an html page. The left plot shows the log-fold-change vs average expression. The right plot shows the expression levels of a particular gene of each sample. Hovering over points on left plot will plot expression level for corresponding gene, clicking on points will fix the expression plot to gene. Clicking on rows on the table has the same effect as clicking on the corresponding gene in the plot.

Author(s)

Shian Su

glMDPlot.DGELRT

Glimma MD Plot

Description

Draw an interactive MD plot from a DGELRT object

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'DGELRT'
glMDPlot(
  x,
  counts = NULL,
  anno = NULL,
  groups = NULL,
  samples = NULL,
  status = rep(0, nrow(x)),
  transform = FALSE,
  main = "",
  xlab = "Average log CPM",
  ylab = "log-fold-change",
  side.xlab = "Group",
  side.ylab = "Expression",
  side.log = FALSE,
  side.gridstep = ifelse(!transform || side.log, FALSE, 0.5),
  p.adj.method = "BH",
  jitter = 30,
  side.main = "GeneID",
  display.columns = NULL,
  cols = c("#00bfff", "#858585", "#ff3030"),
  sample.cols = rep("#1f77b4", ncol(counts)),
  path = getwd(),
  folder = "glimma-plots",
  html = "MD-Plot",
  launch = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| x | the DGELRT object. |
| counts | the matrix of expression values, with samples in columns. |
| anno | the data.frame containing gene annotations. |
| groups | the factor containing experimental groups of the samples. |
| samples | the names of the samples. |
| status | vector giving the control status of data point, of same length as the number of rows of object. If NULL, then all points are plotted in the default colour. |
| transform | TRUE if counts should be log-cpm transformed. |
| main | the title for the left plot. |
| xlab | label for x axis on left plot. |
| ylab | label for y axis on left plot. |
| side.xlab | label for x axis on right plot. |
| side.ylab | label for y axis on right plot. |
| side.log | TRUE to plot expression on the right plot on log scale. |
| side.gridstep | intervals along which to place grid lines on y axis. Currently only available for linear scale. |
| p.adj.method | character vector indicating multiple testing correction method. See p.adjust for available methods. (defaults to "BH") |
| jitter | the amount of jitter to apply to the samples in the expressions plot. |
| side.main | the column containing mains for right plot. |
| display.columns | character vector containing names of columns to display in mouseover tooltips and table. |
| cols | vector of strings denoting colours corresponding to control status -1, 0 and 1. (may be R named colours or Hex values) |
| sample.cols | vector of strings denoting colours for each sample point on the expression plot. |
| path | the path in which the folder will be created. |
| folder | the name of the fold to save html file to. |
| html | the name of the html file to save plots to. |
| launch | TRUE to launch plot after call. |
| ... | additional arguments to be passed onto the MD plot. (main, xlab, ylab can be set for the left plot) |

Value

Draws a two-panel interactive MD plot in an html page. The left plot shows the log-fold-change vs average expression. The right plot shows the expression levels of a particular gene of each sample. Hovering over points on left plot will plot expression level for corresponding gene, clicking on points will fix the expression plot to gene. Clicking on rows on the table has the same effect as clicking on the corresponding gene in the plot.

Author(s)

Shian Su

glMDPlot.MArrayLM *Glimma MD Plot*

Description

Draw an interactive MD plot from a MArrayLM object

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'MArrayLM'
glMDPlot(
  x,
  counts = NULL,
  anno = NULL,
  groups = NULL,
  samples = NULL,
  status = rep(0, nrow(x)),
  transform = FALSE,
  main = "",
  xlab = "Average log CPM",
  ylab = "log-fold-change",
  side.main = "GeneID",
  side.xlab = "Group",
  side.ylab = "Expression",
  side.log = FALSE,
  side.gridstep = ifelse(!transform || side.log, FALSE, 0.5),
  coef = ncol(x$coefficients),
  p.adj.method = "BH",
  jitter = 30,
  display.columns = NULL,
  cols = c("#00bfff", "#858585", "#ff3030"),
  sample.cols = rep("#1f77b4", ncol(counts)),
  path = getwd(),
  folder = "glimma-plots",
  html = "MD-Plot",
  launch = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----------|---|
| x | the MArrayLM object. |
| counts | the matrix of expression values, with samples in columns. |
| anno | the data.frame containing gene annotations. |
| groups | the factor containing experimental groups of the samples. |
| samples | the names of the samples. |
| status | vector giving the control status of data point, of same length as the number of rows of object. If NULL, then all points are plotted in the default colour. |
| transform | TRUE if counts should be log-cpm transformed. |

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| <code>main</code> | the title for the left plot. |
| <code>xlab</code> | label for x axis on left plot. |
| <code>ylab</code> | label for y axis on left plot. |
| <code>side.main</code> | the column containing mains for right plot. |
| <code>side.xlab</code> | label for x axis on right plot. |
| <code>side.ylab</code> | label for y axis on right plot. |
| <code>side.log</code> | TRUE to plot expression on the right plot on log scale. |
| <code>side.gridstep</code> | intervals along which to place grid lines on y axis. Currently only available for linear scale. |
| <code>coef</code> | integer or character index vector indicating which column of object to plot. |
| <code>p.adj.method</code> | character vector indicating multiple testing correction method. See p.adjust for available methods. (defaults to "BH") |
| <code>jitter</code> | the amount of jitter to apply to the samples in the expressions plot. |
| <code>display.columns</code> | character vector containing names of columns to display in mouseover tooltips and table. |
| <code>cols</code> | vector of strings denoting colours corresponding to control status -1, 0 and 1. (may be R named colours or Hex values) |
| <code>sample.cols</code> | vector of strings denoting colours for each sample point on the expression plot. |
| <code>path</code> | the path in which the folder will be created. |
| <code>folder</code> | the name of the fold to save html file to. |
| <code>html</code> | the name of the html file to save plots to. |
| <code>launch</code> | TRUE to launch plot after call. |
| <code>...</code> | additional arguments to be passed onto the MD plot. (<code>main</code> , <code>xlab</code> , <code>ylab</code> can be set for the left plot) |

Value

Draws a two-panel interactive MD plot in an html page. The left plot shows the log-fold-change vs average expression. The right plot shows the expression levels of a particular gene of each sample. Hovering over points on left plot will plot expression level for corresponding gene, clicking on points will fix the expression plot to gene. Clicking on rows on the table has the same effect as clicking on the corresponding gene in the plot.

Author(s)

Shian Su

| | |
|---------|---|
| glMDRmd | <i>glMDPlot Rmarkdown link and instructions</i> |
|---------|---|

Description

When run inside of a text-block of Rmarkdown document using ‘r ...’ this produces a link and instructions about the usage of the interactive plots.

Usage

```
glMDRmd(html = "MD-Plot")
```

Arguments

html name of the HTML page containing plots from glMDPlot.

Value

None

See Also

[glMDPlot](#)

Examples

```
glMDRmd()
```

| | |
|-----------|------------------------|
| glMDSPlot | <i>Glimma MDS Plot</i> |
|-----------|------------------------|

Description

Draw an interactive MD plot from a DGEList object with distances calculated from most variable genes.

Usage

```
glMDSPlot(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x the matrix containing the gene expressions.
 ... additional arguments.

Value

Draws a two-panel interactive MDS plot in an html page. The left panel contains the plot between two MDS dimensions, with annotations displayed on hover. The right panel contains a bar plot of the eigenvalues of each dimension, clicking on any of the bars will plot the corresponding dimension against the next dimension.

Author(s)

Shian Su, Gordon Smyth

See Also[glMDSPlot.default](#), [glMDSPlot.DGEList](#)

glMDSPlot.default *Glimma MDS Plot*

Description

Draw an interactive MD plot from a DGEList object with distances calculated from most variable genes.

Usage

```
## Default S3 method:
glMDSPlot(
  x,
  top = 500,
  labels = seq_cols(x),
  groups = rep(1, ncol(x)),
  gene.selection = c("pairwise", "common"),
  main = "MDS Plot",
  path = getwd(),
  folder = "glimma-plots",
  html = "MDS-Plot",
  launch = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|----------------|---|
| x | the matrix containing the gene expressions. |
| top | the number of top most variable genes to use. |
| labels | the labels for each sample. |
| groups | the experimental group to which samples belong. |
| gene.selection | "pairwise" if most variable genes are to be chosen for each pair of samples or "common" to select the same genes for all comparisons. |
| main | the title of the plot. |
| path | the path in which the folder will be created. |
| folder | the name of the fold to save html file to. |
| html | the name of the html file to save plots to. |
| launch | TRUE to launch plot after call. |
| ... | additional arguments. |

Value

Draws a two-panel interactive MDS plot in an html page. The left panel contains the plot between two MDS dimensions, with annotations displayed on hover. The right panel contains a bar plot of the eigenvalues of each dimension, clicking on any of the bars will plot the corresponding dimension against the next dimension.

Author(s)

Shian Su, Gordon Smyth

glMDSPlot.DESeqDataSet

Glimma MDS Plot

Description

Draw an interactive MD plot from a DGEList object with distances calculated from most variable genes.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'DESeqDataSet'
glMDSPlot(
  x,
  top = 500,
  labels = NULL,
  groups = NULL,
  gene.selection = c("pairwise", "common"),
  prior.count = 0.25,
  main = "MDS Plot",
  path = getwd(),
  folder = "glimma-plots",
  html = "MDS-Plot",
  launch = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|----------------|---|
| x | the DESeqDataSet containing the gene expressions. |
| top | the number of top most variable genes to use. |
| labels | the labels for each sample. |
| groups | the experimental group to which samples belong. |
| gene.selection | "pairwise" if most variable genes are to be chosen for each pair of samples or "common" to select the same genes for all comparisons. |
| prior.count | average count to be added to each observation to avoid taking log of zero. Used only if log=TRUE. |
| main | the title of the plot. |
| path | the path in which the folder will be created. |

| | |
|--------|---|
| folder | the name of the fold to save html file to. |
| html | the name of the html file to save plots to. |
| launch | TRUE to launch plot after call. |
| ... | additional arguments. |

Value

Draws a two-panel interactive MDS plot in an html page. The left panel contains the plot between two MDS dimensions, with annotations displayed on hover. The right panel contains a bar plot of the eigenvalues of each dimension, clicking on any of the bars will plot the corresponding dimension against the next dimension.

Author(s)

Shian Su, Gordon Smyth

| | |
|-------------------|------------------------|
| glMDSPlot.DGEList | <i>Glimma MDS Plot</i> |
|-------------------|------------------------|

Description

Draw an interactive MD plot from a DGEList object with distances calculated from most variable genes.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'DGEList'
glMDSPlot(
  x,
  top = 500,
  labels = NULL,
  groups = rep(1, ncol(x)),
  gene.selection = c("pairwise", "common"),
  prior.count = 2,
  main = "MDS Plot",
  path = getwd(),
  folder = "glimma-plots",
  html = "MDS-Plot",
  launch = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|----------------|---|
| x | the DGEList containing the gene expressions. |
| top | the number of top most variable genes to use. |
| labels | the labels for each sample. |
| groups | the experimental group to which samples belong. |
| gene.selection | "pairwise" if most variable genes are to be chosen for each pair of samples or "common" to select the same genes for all comparisons. |

| | |
|--------------------------|---|
| <code>prior.count</code> | average count to be added to each observation to avoid taking log of zero. Used only if <code>log=TRUE</code> . |
| <code>main</code> | the title of the plot. |
| <code>path</code> | the path in which the folder will be created. |
| <code>folder</code> | the name of the fold to save html file to. |
| <code>html</code> | the name of the html file to save plots to. |
| <code>launch</code> | TRUE to launch plot after call. |
| <code>...</code> | additional arguments. |

Value

Draws a two-panel interactive MDS plot in an html page. The left panel contains the plot between two MDS dimensions, with annotations displayed on hover. The right panel contains a bar plot of the eigenvalues of each dimension, clicking on any of the bars will plot the corresponding dimension against the next dimension.

Author(s)

Shian Su, Gordon Smyth

glScatter

Glimma Scatter Plot

Description

Create an interactive scatter plot object

Usage

```
glScatter(x, ...)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------------|--|
| <code>x</code> | the data.frame containing data to plot. |
| <code>...</code> | additional arguments depending on input object type. |

Value

A chart object containing the information to create an interactive scatter plot.

Author(s)

Shian Su

glScatter.default *Glimma Scatter Plot*

Description

Default method for creating an interactive scatter plot

Usage

```
## Default S3 method:
glScatter(
  x,
  xval = "x",
  yval = "y",
  idval = NULL,
  point.size = 2,
  x.jitter = 0,
  y.jitter = 0,
  ndigits = NULL,
  signif = 6,
  log = "",
  xgrid = FALSE,
  ygrid = FALSE,
  xstep = FALSE,
  ystep = FALSE,
  xlab = xval,
  ylab = yval,
  main = NULL,
  height = 400,
  width = 500,
  colval = NULL,
  annot = c(xval, yval),
  annot.lab = NULL,
  flag = NULL,
  info = NULL,
  hide = FALSE,
  disable = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------|--|
| x | the data.frame containing data to plot. |
| xval | the column name for the x-axis values. |
| yval | the column name for the y-axis values. |
| idval | the column name for unique identifiers. |
| point.size | the size of the data points. |
| x.jitter | the amount of jittering to add to values along the x axis. |
| y.jitter | the amount of jittering to add to values along the y axis. |

| | |
|-----------|---|
| ndigits | the number of digits after the decimal to round to in the tooltip (overrides signif). |
| signif | the number of significant figures to display in the tooltip. |
| log | a character string which contains "x" if the x axis is to be logarithmic, "y" if the y axis is to be logarithmic and "xy" or "yx" if both axes are to be logarithmic. |
| xgrid | TRUE if grid lines should be placed along x axis. |
| ygrid | TRUE if grid lines should be placed y axis. |
| xstep | the interval at which to set grid lines along the x axis. |
| ystep | the interval at which to set grid lines along the y axis. |
| xlab | the label on the x-axis. |
| ylab | the label on the y-axis. |
| main | the title for the plot. |
| height | the height of the plot (in pixels). |
| width | the width of the plot (in pixels). |
| colval | the colours for each data point. |
| annot | the columns to display in the tooltip. |
| annot.lab | alternative labels for the values displayed in the tooltip. |
| flag | the special flag to indicate special plot. |
| info | additional information for plotting. |
| hide | TRUE to hide the plot when page starts. |
| disable | the events to disable, options are "click", "hover", "zoom". |
| ... | additional arguments. |

Value

A chart object containing the information to create an interactive scatter plot.

Author(s)

Shian Su

glTable

Glimma Table

Description

Create a table using the data from a chart.

Usage

```
glTable(target, columns)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---------|---|
| target | the index of the plot from which data is drawn. |
| columns | the columns of data to plot. |

Value

a input object containing the input field information.

| | |
|-----------|----------------------|
| gltablink | <i>Plot linkages</i> |
|-----------|----------------------|

Description

Helper function for writing the link properties in interactive Glimma plots

Usage

```
gltablink(from, to, action = "none", info = "none")
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------|--|
| from | the index of the source table. |
| to | the index of the plot which receives the event and performs an action. |
| action | the action that is performed in the plot. |
| info | additional info for creating the link. |

Value

a link object containing the plot linking information.

| | |
|----------|-----------------------|
| glXYPlot | <i>Glimma XY Plot</i> |
|----------|-----------------------|

Description

Draw an interactive XY plot with multiple panels

Usage

```
glXYPlot(
  x,
  y,
  counts = NULL,
  groups = NULL,
  samples = NULL,
  status = rep(0, nrow(data)),
  anno = NULL,
  display.columns = NULL,
  xlab = "x",
  ylab = "y",
  side.main = "GeneID",
  side.xlab = "Group",
  side.ylab = "Expression",
  sample.cols = rep("#1f77b4", length(groups)),
  cols = c("#00bfff", "#858585", "#ff3030"),
  jitter = 30,
  path = getwd(),
```



```

    folder = "glimma-plots",
    html = "XY-Plot",
    launch = TRUE,
    ...
)

```

Arguments

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| x | a numeric vector of values to plot on the x-axis of the summary plot. |
| y | a numeric vector of values to plot on the y-axis of the summary plot. |
| counts | the matrix containing all counts, the column order should correspond to the order of the x and y vectors. |
| groups | the factor containing experimental groups of the samples. |
| samples | the names of the samples. |
| status | vector giving the control status of data point, of same length as the number of rows of object. If NULL, then all points are plotted in the default colour |
| anno | the data.frame containing gene annotations. |
| display.columns | character vector containing names of columns to display in mouseover tooltips and table. |
| xlab | the label on the x axis for the left plot. |
| ylab | the label on the y axis for the left plot. |
| side.main | the column containing mains for right plot. |
| side.xlab | the label on the x axis for the right plot. |
| side.ylab | the label on the y axis for the right plot. |
| sample.cols | vector of strings denoting colours for each sample point on the expression plot. |
| cols | vector of strings denoting colours corresponding to control status -1, 0 and 1. (may be R named colours or Hex values) |
| jitter | the amount of jitter to apply to the samples in the expressions plot. |
| path | the path in which the folder will be created. |
| folder | the name of the fold to save html file to. |
| html | the name of the html file to save plots to. |
| launch | TRUE to launch plot after call. |
| ... | additional arguments to be passed onto the MD plot. (main, etc. can be set for the left plot) |

Value

Draws a two-panel interactive XY scatter plot in an html page. The left plot shows the x and y values specified. The right plot shows the expression levels of a particular gene in each sample. Hovering over points on left plot will plot expression level for the corresponding gene, clicking on points will fix the expression plot to that gene. Clicking on rows on the table has the same effect as clicking on the corresponding gene in the plot. This function generates a display that is similar in style to glMDPlot, except that it provides more flexibility in what the user can provide.

Author(s)

Charity Law and Shian Su

Examples

```
data(iris)

glXYPlot(iris$Sepal.Width, iris$Sepal.Length,
          xlab="Sepal.Width", ylab="Sepal.Length", side.main="PlantID")
```

is.hex

Hexcode colours

Description

Check if string(s) are valid hex colour representation

Usage

```
is.hex(x)
```

Arguments

x the colour value(s) to check.

Value

Logical vector indicating if strings(s) are valid hex representations

makeJson

JSON converter for R objects

Description

Function to generate json strings from

Usage

```
makeJson(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x the object to be converted into JSON
... additional arguments

Value

a stringified JSON object.

makeJson.data.frame *JSON converter for data frames*

Description

Function to create a JSON from a data.frame

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'data.frame'  
makeJson(df, convert.logical = TRUE, dataframe = c("rows", "columns"))
```

Arguments

df the data.frame to be converted into JSON
convert.logical whether to convert logicals into strings "TRUE" and "FALSE"
dataframe how to encode data.frame objects: must be one of 'rows', 'columns'

Value

a stringified JSON, the data.frame is encoded as a vector of objects, with each column being one object with keys corresponding to column names.

makeJson.jschart *JSON converter for chart objects*

Description

Function to make json object from a chart, ignoring the json property

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'jschart'  
makeJson(chart)
```

Arguments

chart the chart object to be converted into JSON

Value

a stringified JSON object containing the chart data.

Index

* internal

- buildXYData, 3
 - extractGroups, 4
 - glBar, 5
 - glBar.default, 5
 - glimma_plot, 36
 - glimmaXYWidget, 35
 - gllink, 36
 - glScatter, 53
 - glScatter.default, 54
 - glTable, 55
 - gltablink, 56
 - makeJson, 58
 - makeJson.data.frame, 59
 - makeJson.jschart, 59
- as.hexcol, 3
- buildXYData, 3
- exactTest, 7, 24
- extractGroups, 4, 9, 25
- glBar, 5
- glBar.default, 5, 5
- Glimma (glimma), 7
- glimma, 7
- Glimma-package (glimma), 7
- glimma_plot, 36
- glimmaMA, 7, 10, 12, 15, 17
- glimmaMA.DESeqDataSet, 7, 8, 12, 15, 17
- glimmaMA.DGEEExact, 7, 10, 11, 15, 17
- glimmaMA.DGELRT, 7, 10, 12, 13, 17
- glimmaMA.MArrayLM, 7, 10, 12, 15, 15
- glimmaMD (glimmaMA), 7
- glimmaMDS, 17, 20, 22, 23
- glimmaMDS.default, 17, 19, 22, 23
- glimmaMDS.DESeqDataSet, 17, 20, 20, 23
- glimmaMDS.DGEList, 17, 20, 22, 22
- glimmaVolcano, 24, 26, 29, 31, 33
- glimmaVolcano.DESeqDataSet, 24, 25, 29, 31, 33
- glimmaVolcano.DGEEExact, 24, 26, 27, 31, 33
- glimmaVolcano.DGELRT, 24, 26, 29, 29, 33
- glimmaVolcano.MArrayLM, 24, 26, 29, 31, 31
- glimmaXY, 33
- glimmaXYWidget, 35
- gllink, 36
- glMDPlot, 7, 37, 49
- glMDPlot.default, 37, 38
- glMDPlot.DESeqDataSet, 37, 40
- glMDPlot.DESeqResults, 41
- glMDPlot.DGEEExact, 37, 43
- glMDPlot.DGELRT, 37, 45
- glMDPlot.MArrayLM, 37, 47
- glMDRmd, 49
- glMDSPlot, 7, 49
- glMDSPlot.default, 50, 50
- glMDSPlot.DESeqDataSet, 51
- glMDSPlot.DGEList, 50, 52
- glmLRT, 7, 24
- glScatter, 53
- glScatter.default, 54
- glTable, 55
- gltablink, 56
- glXYPlot, 7, 56
- is.hex, 58
- makeJson, 58
- makeJson.data.frame, 59
- makeJson.jschart, 59
- p.adjust, 44, 46, 48